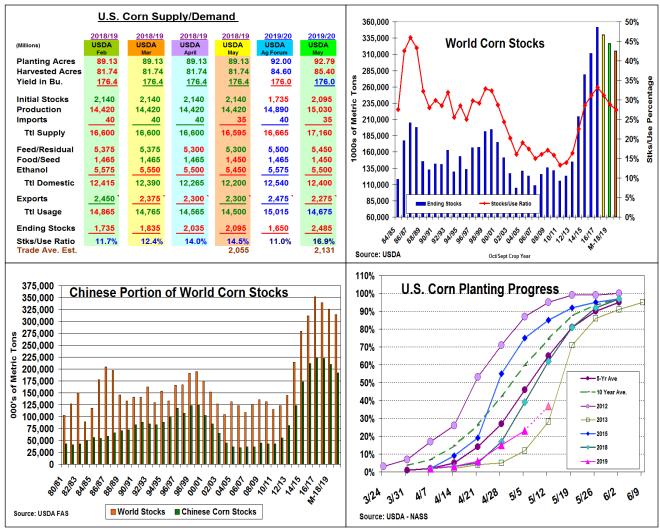


MAY US/WORLD CORN S&D UPDATES

May 13, 2019

www.pricegroup.com

Larger S AM crops trim 19/20 US exports, but demand cuts World stocks



<u>What's Ahead</u> The USDA's latest feed grain and corn outlooks are projecting sizable US and World supplies for both the current and 2019/20 crop years. However, 2019's US corn output will likely be smaller because US spring weather. Less area (Prevent planting) and reduced yield given the likely 60% of the US crop being seeded after May 10 has most agronomists projecting a reduced US corn output. **Hold sales at this time**.

Phone: (312) 264-4369 E-Mail: jgidel@pricegroup.com

Market Analysis

The USDA's May supply/demand updates had some surprises in their 2019/2020 corn ending stocks when the World Board issued their 1st US & World S&D projections. Two things that didn't change were the USDA's Ag Forum yields & 2019's planting intentions, which were used in 2019/20 US balance sheets calculations.

Larger S. American corn estimates on improved weather this spring (Brazil +4.0 mmt & Argentina +2 mmt) prompted the USDA to slice US new crop exports, 2019/20 US ending stocks were higher-than-expected because of this stronger competition for corn next fall. The USDA did drop corn's old-crop ethanol demand because of ongoing sluggish domestic bio-fuel plant output. These changes upped old crop ending stocks to 2.095 billion bu. The USDA also cut 2019/20's domestic Ag Forum feed and industrial demands. Last guarter's US stocks report & the current modest expansion of ethanol exports without a Chinese trade deal were the reasons for the changes. Overall, corn's 2.485 billion in US stocks are large, but the USDA cut its World new-crop stocks by 11 mmt to 315 mmt. Expanding feed demand to meet China's likely higher meat imports into 2020 because of their African Swine Fever problem will likely counter 2019/20's higher corn output. Overall, the world's corn stocks will decline because smaller beginning supplies than 2018/19. The USDA's revised World S&Ds also revealed a modest 5.8% rise in corn's tradable supplies outside of China. However, 2019/20 tradable supplies remain 5.5 mmt below 2016/17's high 228.4 mmt level.

The other major factor impacting corn prices this spring has been 2019's slow plantings. Through May 5, US seedings has only advanced to 23% because of cold temperatures & above normal rainfall across the Central US. With indications of only 11-13% more seedings occurring this past week because of poor weather, corn plantings will remain sharply behind their 5-year 65% average this week

Disclaimer – The information contained in this report reflects the opinion of the author and should not be interpreted in any way to represent the thoughts of The PRICE Futures Group, any of its affiliates, nor any of its employees. Futures and commodity option trading involve significant risk of lose and may not be suitable for every investor. Information contained herein is intended for informational purposes and is not to be construed as an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy or trade in any commodity or security mentioned herein. Information is obtained from sources believed reliable, but is in no way guaranteed. This author does not trade in the commodity contracts being discussed in this report. Opinions, market data and recommendations are subject to change at any time. Past results are not indicative of future results. Charts are developed by the author from USDA, other public data and proprietary models unless otherwise noted & credited.